Carolina Observer.

XI.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. THURSDAY AFTERNOON, DECEMBER 20, 1827. [NO. 550.

...AND PUBLISHED, EVERY THURSDAY,
...EDWARD J. HALE,
...per annum, if paid in advance; $3
...during the year of subscription;
...at the end of the year.

...SEMENTS inserted for 60 cents per
...first, and 30 cents for each succeed-
...on. Advertisers are requested to state
...of insertions desired, or they will be
...forbid, and charged accordingly.
...the Editor must be post paid.

...tteville Academy.

...scriber gives notice, that the present
...the Fayetteville Academy will close on
...ant, and that the Institution will be o-
...on the first Monday of January next,
...arious studies, preparatory to the en-
...University course, the profession of a
...any of the other active employments of
...sumed in the Male Department, and
...the most approved system of disci-
...ind and communicating knowledge —
...also to say, that a negotiation is in pro-
...re the assistance of a Lady eminently
...ndertake the charge of the Female De-
...t, as some necessary delay must take
...this can be accomplished, he proposes,
...ime, to form a class of young Ladies, to
...ction in the various branches of a useful
...plished education, he will devote ex-
...o hours (from 12 to 2) every lawful day,
...cepted, in a suitable apartment of the
...ilding.

WILLIAM FORD,
Principal of the Institution.
..., *Dec.* 12, 1827.

...A knowledge of the number of stu-
...expected, being absolutely necessary, to
...rincipal to determine what farther exer-
...to be made in the cause of Education in
...r, he respectfully requests, that Parents
...ns will have the goodness to give in to
...residence of Judge Potter, by the end of
...month, the names of such young persons,
...rtments, as are designed for the Institu-

...hool Committee have the pleasure of in-
...public, that the Fayetteville Academy is
...ving state, and is likely soon to attain
...vation it once occupied.
...conduct of an able and well qualified
...s Principal, aided by the united and cor
...ge of the Town and neighbourhood, we
...rest prospect for an extensively useful
...ing Academy.
...m. Ford takes the School on his own
...der our superintendence. His success
...st depend, in a great degree, on his
...a Teacher and Manager of such an In-

...leman has been with us several weeks,
...engaged in teaching in the Academy;
...sonal acquaintance with him corroborates
...aracter, for classical and scientific ac-
...and for all the constituent qualifications of
...practical Instructer, which we had heard
...*which his testimonials abundantly prove.*
...wde of the University of Edinburgh in
...as been living in this country fourteen
...ow in the prime of life—and intends, with
...to take up his residence here as a Pro-
...eacher of youth.
...fore respectfully solicit for him a due
...blic patronage; and, believing that few
...possess equal facilities, for affording a
...rough and practical education, in the
...dead and living) and on all the sciences,
...students, male and female, from abroad,
...lent hope and belief that the parents and
...f such will not be disappointed; but that
...ce will be rendered in their education,
...per regard to their morals and deport-

...ool will be supplied with such assistant
...n both Departments, as the number and
...s of the pupils may require.
...students may be had at a reasonable price
...ble private families.

...orough Male Academy.

...mination will commence on Monday the
...December, and conclude on the evening
...sing day.
...rcises will be resumed on the second
...January.

W. J. BINGHAM, *Principal.*
..., Nov. 20—49-3t

...anted to Purchase,

...to 10 acres of good LAND, in an healthy
...n, and not farther than 1 or 2 miles from
...such land the Cash will be given, pro-
...rice is moderate and the title good.
...MRS. PERRY.
..., *Dec.* 11, 1827—49-3t

...elph & Campbell,

...K AND WATCH MAKERS,

...o purchased the entire stock of Jewelry,
...Mr. *Wm. Widdifield*, will constantly keep
...supply of articles in their line of business,
...lately occupied by him, on Hay Street,
...st of John M'Arn's Fancy Store, and al
...old stand on Bow Street, at either of
...nds of work in the various branches of
...ss, will be faithfully and promptly exe-

...*rticles at present on hand are the following:*
...various descriptions
...ellers Gold Watch Seals, Keys, Slides,
...&c.
...Filigree, Jet, Paste and plain gold Ear-

...do do do do Breastpins
...and plain Finger Rings
...e and cord of various descriptions
...d Sergeant's Knots, white 18 inch and
...Plumes, &c. &c. &c.
...ttention paid to Watch Repairing—and
...gold and silver work made to order, on
...notice
... 12, 1827.—49tf.

...OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

...of Equity, Fall Term, 1827.

...pplet, Comp't. *vs* Richard S. Hackley,
Defendant.

...g to the satisfaction of the Court, that
...Hackley, the Defendant in the above
...inhabitant of this State. It is therefore
...publication be made for three weeks in
...Observer, that he come in and plead, an-
...r to the Complainant's Bill, or the Bill
...pro confesso and heard exparte. As
WILLIAM F. STRANG, *C. M. E.*
... 12, 1827. 49-6w.

Negroes.

I WILL have sixteen or eighteen Negroes for hire on the first week in January next—Men, Women, Boys, and Girls; all of the best description. Among them is a first rate Blacksmith.

JAS. MOFFETT.

Dec. 8th, 1827.

Lost

IN this town, on Sunday last, a pair of Silver *Spectacles*, in a red case. A liberal reward will be paid for their delivery to DUNCAN McCALL.

December 13. 49-2w.

Sugar, Molasses, &c.

RECEIVED BY THE LATE ARRIVALS,

10 Hhds. prime St. Croix Sugar,
15 do Porto Rico do.
17 do. bright retailing Molasses,
5 pipes superior French Brandy,
6 casks Northern Cheese,
10 hhds. and 20 bbls N. E. Rum,
50 bags Cuba Coffee,

For sale by WILLKINGS & CO.

December 13, 1827. 49tf.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Court of Equity, Fall Term, 1827.

William Pye & Wife, Peter Avent & Wife, and Lucy Duffield, *vs.* James Burt, Admr. of Benj'n Edwards, Dec'd, Stephen Senter, Guardian of the infant Heirs of said Edwards, Timothy Truelove & Wife, Littleton Howad, Adm'r of Nancy Edwards, dec'd & Richard Huckabee, Guardian of Groves Howard.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that James Burt, Adm'r &c, and Littleton Howard, two of the Defendants in the above suit, are not inhabitants of this State. It is therefore, *Ord red* that publication be made in the *Carolina Observer*, for four weeks, that they come in and plead, answer or demur to Complainant's Bill, or the Bill as to them, will be taken pro confesso, and heard exparte As witness. WILLIAM F. STRANG, *C. M. E.*

December 12th, 1827. 49 4w.

Fire Department.

THE Magistrate of Police begs leave to remind the Committees of Vigilance, that this is the season of the year, when it is most important (to prevent dangers from fire) that they should perform circuits in their respective Wards, and report all nuisances on account of fire, and particularly those in contravention to the Ordinances published herewith.

It will be perceived that these Ordinances are made to punish every conceivable case of neglect or omission to use the necessary precautions against dangers from fire. If therefore, it occurs, the blame must rest upon those whose duty it is to keep a watch against it. And when it is recollected that this duty is spontaneous, not resting upon the law, but upon that high and patriotic regard for the public good (the offspring of a noble benevolence) which prompts every good citizen to contribute his exertions for the safety and welfare of the community, and that it is replete with benefits and consequences so momentous to this community,—the Gentlemen who compose these Committees, it is believed, will not fail to give a prompt attention to this call, and assemble themselves forthwith in their respective Wards, to perform the necessary circuits. Fire Places, Stoves, Smoke Houses, the place and manner of housing fodder, hay, &c., are the most particular objects of examination at this season.

I will feel thankful to the Committees, if they report any nuisances, that they will likewise report the names of the witnesses who will prove the facts necessary to sustain a prosecution against the offender. For the information of the public, I have herewith caused the names of the persons who compose these Committees for the year 1827, to be published

LOUIS D. HENRY, *Magistrate of Police.*

November 27, 1827

COMMITTEES OF VIGILANCE.

Ward No. 1. SAMPSON BOON, ARCH'D McLAUGHLAN, FONTAIN LANE.

Ward No. 2. JOHN CRUSOE, JAMES BAKER, THOS. N. CAMERON.

Ward No. 3. PETER J. MALLETT, ISHAM BLAKE, Sen. JOHN D. STARR.

Ward No. 4. JOHN M. DOBBIN, JOHN KELLY, JOHN CLARK, JOHN HUSKE.

Ward No. 5. JOHN ECCLES, JOHN McK. STRONG, JAMES H. HOOPER.

Ward No. 6. JOSHUA CARMAN, JOHN McLERAN, LAWRENCE FITZHARRIS.

Ward No. 7. JOHN KELLY, JAMES MILLER, DAVID D. SALMON.

An Ordinance

To prevent Nuisances on account of Fire.

1. *BE it ordained by the Commissioners of Fayetteville, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same,* That hereafter all Stoves that may be erected and used, or that are now erected and used, shall be after the manner following, and no other, viz:

Every Stove shall have a brick, stone, sheet lead, or copper hearth under it, and extending all around it, at least 12 inches.

And if the pipe passes into a chimney, the hole shall be effectually closed about it with brick and mortar.

And if the pipe passes through an inside wooden wall or partition, it shall be enclosed in stone so as that it shall not come in contact with the wood.

And no pipe shall be let out at the side of a house that is within 100 feet of any wooden building; and not then, unless it extends 4 feet beyond the house, and falls 4 feet below the roof thereof.

And in all other cases the pipe shall pass through the roof of the house, enclosed in a brick funnel four feet above the roof, and all Stoves in small houses adjacent to large wooden buildings shall have perpendicular pipes.

2. *And be it further ordained,* That every chimney shall be raised at least five feet above the roof of the house, and shall be well built and entire, and not used if there is any crack or fissure in it.

3. *And be it further ordained,* That all ovens shall be built and entire, and not used if there appears any crack or fissure in them; that the main body of the oven shall not come into contact with any wood in the building, and the same shall be supplied with broad hearths and brick depositories for the coal and ashes.

4 *And be it further ordained,* That all and every person or persons who shall offend against any of the foregoing particulars, shall forfeit and pay to the Commissioners, for the use of the town, five dollars for each and every offence, or for every time a stove, chimney, or oven may be used contrary thereto, or every day or night either of them may be so used.

5. *And be it further ordained,* That if any stove, oven or chimney, attached to or belonging to any shed room or small house, which is adjacent to any large wooden building in the thickly settled parts of the town, shall be deemed dangerous on account of its particular location or proximity to such large building, it shall be disused, upon notice to that effect to the person using it, by the Magistrate of Police, any Commissioner, or the Town Constable; and should the same be used after such notice, the offender shall forfeit and pay (as aforesaid) five dollars for each offence, or for every day or night it is used thereafter.

And no stove, oven, or chimney shall be erected hereafter in any shed room or small house, situate as above, unless by permission in writing from the Magistrate of Police or two Commissioners, one of whom shall be the Commissioner of that particular Ward, prescribing the place of its erection, and besides, it shall be in conformity with the foregoing regulations, under the penalty of five dollars, (payable as aforesaid,) for each and every offence, or every day or night it is used without such permission.

6. *And be it further ordained,* That every owner, or his agent, or the occupier or tenant of any house which has a shingle roof, who shall suffer the same to become so old and ruinous that it is dangerous on account of fire, shall, after receiving thirty days notice (Sundays excepted) from the Magistrate of Police, or any Commissioner, or the Committee of Vigilance, or the Town Constable, cause the same to be completely repaired; and for every day or night thereafter that he, she, or they fail to do so, or suffer the nuisance to remain, shall forfeit and pay, as aforesaid, the sum of five dollars.

And whenever it shall happen, that the owner, his or her agent or guardian, lives out of town, so that legal process cannot be served upon him or her, or the house has no tenant—or the tenant is insolvent, the Commissioners may order the nuisance to be abated by pulling off the roof.

7. *And be it further ordained,* That any person or persons who shall keep or suffer to be kept in his or their store, or any outhouse or warehouse within 500 feet of any other house, more than one keg of Powder at a time, shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty five dollars (as aforesaid) for each and every day or night it shall be suffered so unlawfully to remain.

8. *And be it further ordained,* That no person shall keep or suffer to be kept, any Hay, Straw, Fodder, Shavings, or other combustible matter, in a house or loft to which a chimney, oven, or stove is attached and used, nor in any old and ruinous house, nor in any house or place peculiarly exposed to dangers from fire, nor suffer the same to be so negligently stowed or put away or managed as to become dangerous on account of fire: And any person offending in either of these particulars, shall forfeit and pay (as aforesaid) the sum of five dollars for each and every offence, or for each and every night or day it may be suffered to remain.

9. *And be it further ordained,* That all fire places shall have sufficient and safe hearths, and good and sufficient fenders; and any person offending herein shall forfeit and pay (as aforesaid) for each and every day or night any fire place may remain without a safe hearth and fender, five dollars.

10. *And be it further ordained,* That every person who shall neglect to clean his chimney, whereby the same catches on fire, shall forfeit and pay as aforesaid for each and every offence, two dollars.

Passed by the Commissioners on the 26th January, 1826. [*Extract from the Minutes.*]

DUNCAN MAC RAE, *Town Clerk.*

An Ordinance,

To amend an Ordinance passed the 26th day of January, 1826, entitled 'An Ordinance to prevent Nuisances on account of Fire.'

1. *BE it ordained by the Commissioners of Fayetteville,* That it shall not be lawful for any person to sell any Squibs, or Fire Crackers, nor to set fire to, explode, or use the same, in the Streets of Fayetteville, or any thickly settled parts of the Town, under the penalty of Five Dollars, if a free person, and not less than fifteen lashes, if a slave, for each and every offence. Nor shall any person exhibit any kind of Fire-Works in the Town, unless by permission of the Magistrate of Police, under a penalty of 20 pounds.

2. That all persons in Town owning or using Smoke Houses, shall cause them to be so constructed and used, that they may not be dangerous on account of fire—under a penalty of Five Dollars for each time or each day or night they may be used contrary hereto. And any person who shall use Fire in a careless or negligent manner, in any thickly settled part of the Town, shall be subject, for each offence, to a penalty of Five Dollars; and if a slave, to not less than fifteen lashes. [*From the Minutes.*]

DUNCAN MAC RAE, Town Clerk.

To the Editors of the National Intelligencer.

GENTLEMEN: Since I first communicated to you the powers of the Liverwort in one case, I have had an opportunity of witnessing its extraordinary action in a number of others; and it has fully sustained its character in every case wherein I have administered or recommended it. Not very distant from this place, I am personally acquainted with several individuals of both sexes, who have been entirely restored by it. And here I will advert to one particularly: A man, not more than ten or twelve miles from here, was so far spent by profuse discharges of pus from his lungs, wasting night sweats, and hectic fever, that his attendants and friends were several times making preparations towards interring him. In this hopeless condition he was, by way of dernier resort, almost forced to take the Liverwort; it promptly acted upon him as a fine tonic and alterative—giving him a keen appetite, clearing out his cough, his night sweats, his hectic fever, and, finally, every symptom of his complaint; and about three weeks since, when I last saw him, he was enjoying fine health and spirits. There is something very remarkable in the operation of this little plant; in every instance, it soon exerts a positive influence over the cough and expectoration, quickly invigorates the stomach, and acts very sensibly upon the kidneys, or as a smart diuretic: in short, it some how or other seems to revolutionize the whole system. I have been familiar with every form and degree of pulmonary consumption for more than twenty years, yet have I never seen any act like this in one single case of it. The Liverwort has actually cured a case of hereditary phthisis in a man of Loudoun county, Va. whose whole family nearly had died of consumption derived from the same cause.

T. P. HEREFORD.

Haymarket, Virginia, Nov. 30, 1827.

United States' Bank.—We learn that the privilege assumed by the United States' Bank, of permitting their Branches to draw checks and circulate them as notes, will be brought before Congress at an early period. It will be remembered, that application has been made to Congress, at sundry times, for permission to issue notes from the Branches, which was positively refused, from the well grounded apprehension that they would supercede the circulation of notes of the different State Banks, and thus make the State Institutions tributary to this great aristocracy. Indeed, this is the case already to a lamentable and dangerous degree, and it remains for Congress to inquire, by what right the United States' Bank evades the provision of the law, on that subject.

N. Y. Enq.

Quick Travelling.—By sending express to Baltimore on Tuesday, after the delivery of the President's Message, so as to overtake the Eastern mail, which leaves that city in the steamboat at five o'clock in the afternoon, we were enabled to furnish all of our Northern and Eastern subscribers with copies of the Message, twenty-four hours earlier than the mail would have carried them from this city. The messenger who performed this service, and was also the bearer of copies for all the Baltimore editors, left our office door in a light two horse wagon, at twenty minutes past twelve o'clock, and arrived in Baltimore at half past three! Considering that he carried in his wagon about 5,000 copies of the Message, and had but two changes of horses on the road, the journey was performed with surprising quickness.—*Nat. Intelligencer.*

Snelson, the bank robber, taken!—The Royalton (Vt.) Advocate states, by information received from Quebec, that *Snelson*, the robber of the Petersburg Bank, has been arrested, and is in prison in that place. It is reported that Snelson engaged a passage to Liverpool, in a vessel about to sail, paid for the same, and entered the assumed name of *Maxwell*, as his, on the books—that just before the vessel sailed, he left the city, and proceeded about ten miles into the country, where he remained some days at ease in his supposed secure retreat. His residence soon became known in the city, and excited suspicions, which on the return of a reconnoitering party with Snelson a prisoner, were proved to have been well founded. Instead, therefore of being on his voyage to Liverpool, he is snugly caged in Quebec, waiting the receipt of a bill of *exchange* from the United States.

Hill, who has been some time confined in jail in Niagara county, upon his own detailed confession of being one of the murderers of Morgan, has been discharged as insane.

The Warren Star computes that there have been shipped from Bristol, R. I. 535,994 bunches of onions, raised in that town the present season, and that there are 200,000 bunches remaining on hand.

Lessons for those who like them.—Be not always speaking of yourself. Be not forward. Listen when spoken to. Avoid old sayings and vulgarisms. Be choice in your compliments. Command your temper and countenance. Never acknowledge an enemy, or see an affront, if you can help it.—Doubt him who swears to the truth of a thing. Dare to be singular in a right cause; and be not ashamed to refuse. Never appear to be in a hurry. Neglect not an old acquaintance. Make no one in company feel his inferiority. Avoid punning and mimicry. Talk not long at a time. Tell no stories. Hold no one by the button when talking. Punch no one in conversation.—Forestall not a slow speaker. Say not all you think. Give not your advice unasked. Renew no disagreeable matters. Praise not another at the expense of the present company. Few jokes will bear repeating.—Take the peace-maker's part in debating. Learn the character of the company before you say much. Suppose not yourself laughed at. Interrupt no man's story.

The Cock has always been the emblem of Courage, and he deserves the distinction. Among other interesting incidents of his history which every reader will recollect, the following occurred in our city:

When the Steamboat Henry Shulz was blown up at our wharf, a year or two ago, among other things that were sent "sky high" was a Cock from the deck. He reached the earth again not much hurt, and instantly clapping his wings, gave a loud defiance to the unknown enemy, that had so unceremoniously sent him "aloft."

Augusta Cour.

A fair hit.—The barbers in New York, it is said, have resolved to raise the price of shaving Adams men to twelve and a half cents, their faces having grown so much longer since the election, that it requires double the time and labour to shave one of them, that it does to shave the compact phiz of a Jacksonian.—*Noah.*

Perron says, "lime applied to trees, makes them put forth leaves and flourish, and produce fruit early—but it kills them. Wine cheers and stimulates men, and makes them thrust forth flowers of wit—but, then, there is no doubt it shortens life.

From the Raleigh Register.

The Board for Internal Improvements brought the business of their annual meeting to a close on Saturday evening last, and their Report was laid before the Legislature on Monday.

The Report states, that the season being so far advanced when Mr. Nash, the Civil Engineer, had finished his examination and survey of the Swamp Lands, nothing was done to reduce a few shoals, which remain in the Cape Fear below Fayetteville. After 18 inches water shall be produced on these shoals, (seven in number,) at the driest season, the Board are of opinion, if properly constructed Steamboats be used, that the River will be navigable ten months in the year.

The Shoals below Wilmington are not completely removed. A narrow channel of ten feet deep at low water, has been made quite across the lower shoal, and another 50 yards by 8½ deep across the Bulkhead or upper shoal. This last mentioned shoal requires cutting 50 yards wider to a depth of 10 feet, and the part already cut 1½ foot deeper. And the lower shoal must be made 100 yards wide and ten feet deep. To effect this, will require the removal of 29,583 cubic yards of sand and mud, which, it is calculated, will require nearly a whole year's labour of the Dredging Machine, but which, when done, will make the Navigation all that is desired.

Between Fayetteville and Haywood, a batteaux navigation is proposed, which it is believed, may be effected by sluicing, except at Smilie's Falls, where a dam and locks will have to be erected.*

The Navigation of the Yadkin River, the Board recommend to be improved from Wilkesborough to the Narrows; and from thence to Fayetteville, that either a good common road, or a Railway, should be made.

A Railway is also suggested from Fayetteville to Campbelton, and surveys and estimates of both these roads are proposed.

A channel for sea vessels is suggested by the Board from South River (an arm of the Neuse,) to Beaufort (a Report on which is made by Mr. Nash.) The length of this canal would not exceed ten miles, and it would afford a safe navigation at all seasons. The work is estimated to cost between 6 and 700,000; and though this is a large sum, it is believed, that it would be for the interest of the commercial men in that section of the state, were they heavily taxed to repay the expenee; for besides the loss to the shipping interest occasioned by the detention of vessels in waiting for suitable winds to pass the present difficult navigation, it is said to cost $100,000 a year at the swashes for lighterage alone.

Mr. Nash's Report on the Swamp Lands of the State is very interesting. The Board suggest to the Legislature the propriety of immediately draining Mattamuskeet Lake. It is stated that this can be effected for 8,000 dollars, and it will lay dry 60,000 acres of very rich land at the bottom of the Lake, besides a large quantity of Swamp Land in the vicinity of the Lake; and will also relieve a considerable population on the Lake, a large part of whose crops are annually swept away by the overflowings of the Lake, and whose health and comfort are destroyed by the deleterious effects arising from the same cause.

To accomplish this object, and to enable the Board to go on with draining the valuable Swamp Lands on Durham's Creek, Bay River, &c. the Lottery authorised by the last Legislature having been abandoned, the Board have suggested the propriety of creating a Stock for the like amount, on the faith of the State, bearing an interest of 5 or 6 per cent. and redeemable in five years. And we greatly prefer this course to a Lottery; because it is a course which has been acted upon by the State of New York. She has effected all her great Improvements by means of this kind. And the tolls arising from her Canals will not only pay off the Stock thus created, as it becomes due, but after the debt is paid off, will produce a revenue to the State that will make it unnecessary to collect any taxes for the expenses of her Government, and will furnish besides, the means of carrying on other internal improvements. And before the Stock proposed to be issued by this State becomes payable, our valuable Swamp Lands will be laid dry and brought into market, and will not only pay off the Debt, with the interest, but will provide a Fund for clearing all the Swamp Lands in the State, without drawing a cent from the pockets of the people, and will eventually leave a large amount in the Public Treasury, to be disposed of in the establishment of Common Schools, or as the Legislature may deem proper.

*We most sincerely hope that no more money will be thrown away upon the river between this place and Haywood.—[Editor Observer.]

Brown Bread.—Dr. Majendie has shown that if a dog is fed on white bread and water, and confined wholly to that diet, he will die within fifty days; but if the bran is left in the bread, no bad effects are experienced by the animal. [May we not reasonably conclude that the bran is equally wholesome for the human animal.]

Suicide.—A learned writer, (Dr. Johnson) while touching upon the subject of Suicides, says:

When all the blandishments of life are o'er,
The coward sneaks to death—the brave live on.

Legislature of N. Carolina.

SENATE.

Saturday, Dec. 8.

Mr. Owen presented the petition of sundry individuals, accompanied by a bill to annex part of Brunswick to Bladen county. Read and referred.

A memorial from sundry citizens of Surry county was presented, praying that the further introduction of slaves into this State may be prohibited.

Monday, Dec. 10.

Mr. Parker submitted a resolution directing the committee of Finance to inquire into the propriety of withholding any further appropriation for the education of Miss Blakeley. Agreed to.

The bill to alter the time of holding the Superior Courts in the third Judicial Circuit was indefinitely postponed.

Tuesday, Dec. 11.

The Senate resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Owen in the chair, on the bill for the division of Haywood county. After debate, the committee rose and reported the bill, when Mr. Speight of Greene moved for its indefinite postponement, which was carried, 33 to 29.

Mr. Pickett, from the Committee on the Treasury, made a detailed report, accompanied by a bill concerning the Public Treasurer, which was read and made the order of the day for Thursday. [The bill provides in what sum the Treasurer shall give bond—in what time after his appointment, and in what manner.]

Wednesday, Dec. 12.

Mr. Pickett presented a bill to incorporate the North Carolina Gold Mining Company.

Mr. Love, of Richmond, presented a bill directing the manner in which roads shall hereafter be established and discontinued in Richmond county. Read the first time.

Mr. Speight, of Greene, presented the following resolution:

Whereas George W. Haywood, executor of John Haywood, deceased, has conveyed to the State of North Carolina all the negroes belonging to his testator, and so much of the real estate as he was authorized to convey by the will: and Elizabeth E. W. Haywood, John S. Haywood, George W. Haywood, Fabius I. Haywood, and Thomas B. Haywood, have also conveyed to the State of North Carolina all the real estate of said John Haywood, deceased, which was devised to them respectively by the last will and testament of said John Haywood, for the purpose of securing to the State of N. Carolina whatsoever sum should appear due to said State for moneys received by said John Haywood, deceased, as Public Treasurer, and not accounted for, under the conditions mentioned in said deeds; subject to the approbation of the General Assembly.

Resolved, therefore, that the said conveyances be accepted by the General Assembly, upon the conditions therein expressed.

Which resolution, with the accompanying documents, was referred to the committee on the Treasury Department.

Thursday, Dec. 13.

Mr. Shober presented the following resolutions, which were adopted:

Resolved, That a select joint committee be appointed, to inquire into the expediency of establishing a Penitentiary, in connexion with an Asylum for Idiots and Lunatics.

Resolved, That said Committee prepare and report to the Legislature, the most approved plan, with an estimate of the probable cost of such an Institution, embracing a view of the best system of Government for the same.

Resolved That should proper information not be within the reach of the Committee, that they submit a plan, by which the necessary view of the subject may be obtained, in order to be submitted to a future Legislature.

Messrs. Shober, Owen, Franklin, Wilson, and Davidson, were appointed on the part of the Senate.

The bill directing the manner in which Roads shall hereafter be established and discontinued in Richmond county, was read the third time, and sent to the other House.

Friday, Dec. 14.

The Senate resolved itself into a Committee of the whole, Mr. Spaight of Craven in the Chair, on the bill concerning the Public Treasurer, and after spending some time therein, the committee rose and obtained leave to sit again to-morrow.

Mr. Pickett, from the select joint committee appointed to inquire into the expediency of accepting from the heirs of the late John Haywood, his property, under the limitations therein specified, made a report declaring that it is inexpedient. Mr. Speight of Greene moved to reverse the report, and debate ensuing thereon, the Senate adjourned before the question was taken.

Saturday, Dec. 15.

On motion of Mr. Shober, the Committee on Internal Improvements was instructed to inquire into the expediency of repairing and improving the road leading from Fayetteville to Wilkesborough, through the counties of Moore, Randolph, Guilford and Stokes, agreeably to a survey heretofore made by the Civil Engineer.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Monday, Dec. 10.

Messrs. Gaston, and Hill of Wilmington were added to the Judiciary committee.

Mr. Moore submitted a resolution, directing the Governor to have the Statue of Washington placed upon wheels, to be easily moved in case of fire. Negatived.

Tuesday, Dec. 11.

The House took up the order of the day, and resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Donoho in the Chair, on the Sheriffs' Bill. After a slight debate, the committee rose and had leave to sit again.

Mr. Gaston presented the memorial of sundry citizens of the towns of Newbern, Washington, Plymouth, Edenton, Murfreesboro', Hertford, and Elizabeth City, on the subject of improving the navigation of and about Ocracocke Inlet. Referred to a select committee of thirteen members.

Wednesday, Dec. 12.

On motion of Mr. Perry, the Judiciary committee was instructed to inquire what alterations are necessary in the law of last session concerning the fraudulent trading with slaves.

On motion of Mr. W. W. Stedman, the Judiciary committee was instructed to inquire into the expediency of passing a law to prevent the education of slaves.

On motion of Mr. Salmons, the committee on Internal Improvements was instructed to inquire into the expediency of revising and consolidating the several acts of Assembly respecting public roads, with such amendments as they deem necessary to change the manner of keeping them in repair.

Mr. Jones of Warren, from the Judiciary committee, to whom a resolution on the subject was referred, reported that no alteration is necessary in the laws on the subject of compensating prosecuting officers. Concurred in.

Mr. Cox, from the select committee to whom the inquiry was referred, reported that no alterations are necessary in the Patrol Laws. Concurred in.

Thursday, Dec. 13.

Mr. Hill presented a bill to appropriate $6232 for the purpose of improving the Cape Fear below Wilmington. Read 1st time.

On motion of Mr. McDiarmid, the Judiciary committee was directed to inquire into the expediency of so amending the existing laws, prohibiting the entry of vacant Swamp Land in this State, as to include those only which it is possible the State will drain.

Friday, Dec. 14.

Mr. McDiarmid presented a bill concerning the Committee of Finance in Cumberland county, which passed its first reading.

Mr. Gillespie presented the petition of sundry citizens of Duplin, for a repeal of an act of last session, altering the time of holding their Courts.

The House resolved itself into a committee of the whole, Mr. Donoho in the Chair, on the Sheriffs' bill. After debate, the committee reported progress and obtained leave to sit again.

Saturday, Dec. 15.

Mr. Fisher presented a bill to limit the appointment of Solicitor General and Solicitors to four years.

Mr. Eccles, a bill to incorporate the Cotton Plant Steamboat Company; which bills passed their first reading.

The following neat jeu d'esprit is from the Raleigh Register. It is one of the best things of the kind that we have seen.

An unusually large proportion of the Legislature, now in session, are new, but it is nevertheless a useful and talented body. The mechanic arts are well represented, as there is a *Taylor*, a *Smith*, a *Fuller*, a *Cooper*, and several *Moore*. To administer to the comforts of life, there is a *Baker* who never *Burns* his bread, and a *Fisher* who at all times can furnish *Salmon*, though such as dislike fish can have a *Drake* and wash it down with a *Little Cheery*. When fatigued with the strife of political *Battle*, they have always at hand, a *Harper* to soothe them with the song of *Love, Love, Love*, or if they prefer a *Wilder* strain, he can give them the *Falls* of Niagara. The *House* is certainly a *Royal* one, for they have a *King*, who, though not arrayed in *Gold*, is always attended by a *Baillie*, and a *Marshall*. Though *Adams* and *Jackson* are both members, we hope their friends will have *Morehead* than to *Settle* any differences of opinion, by the use of a *Ball* or any *Sharp* weapon. As is natural, the young members fairly *Shine* and *Glisson* in their *White*, *Grey* and *Green*, and some of them will probably ask a *Boon* of some *Lilly* of our city; at least, they will be caught in her *Webb*. If so, we hope she will neither put a *Lock* on her heart, give a *Blount* refusal, or manifest a *Hardy* disposition, but *Seawell* to the *Mann* who makes the application.

From the Georgia Journal.

A memorial of an important character was laid before the Legislature, on Tuesday last. It came from Mr. John Schley of Louisville, and asks the assistance of the Legislature, for the purpose of establishing manufactories in this State, so as to ascertain whether slave labor can be profitably employed in the manufacture of coarse woollen and cotton goods. This is an important matter to Georgia.—In Virginia, measures have been adopted for the same purpose. And at first view it would seem that, in both States, they must be successful. For, even under the most unfavorable circumstances, it would seem that we ought to be able to manufacture these goods on better terms here, than to send the raw material to the North, have it converted into cloth there, then pay for the transportation of it back again for our consumption.

One of the Editors of this paper had an opportunity, last summer, of visiting many of the Northern manufacturing establishments. From what he saw, he is fully convinced that there will be found, in our slave population, quite a sufficient degree of skill, to enable them to attend to the operation of manufacturing coarse cotton and woollen goods—He became convinced of another fact—that it is quite useless to attempt to oppose in the usual way of remonstrance &c. before Congress, the importunities of the Northern manufacturers for protection. There is an amount of capital and intellect engaged in that business, in the Northern states, which bids defiance to our remonstrances. We of the South have nothing left, but to enter on the same business with spirit, and prosecute it with industry—thus supplying ourselves at home, with articles for our use, for which we would otherwise, have to pay at an exorbitant rate.

The Chronicles of the Canongate have just been published by Messrs. Carey, Lea, & Carey, of Philadelphia. They have just received a considerable part of Sir Walter Scott's "Tales of My Grandfather."

CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Monday, Dec. 10.

The Annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury was communicated by the Vice President, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Benton gave notice that, on Monday, he should ask leave to introduce a bill for the reduction of the U. States Military Peace Establishment.

This being the day appointed for the election of the Standing Committees, the Senate proceeded to ballot for the Chairman and members of each in rotation, when the following appointments were made:

Committee on Foreign Relations.—Mr. Macon, Chairman; Messrs. Sanford, Bell, Tazewell, and White.

Committee on Finance.—Mr. Smith, of Md., Chairman; Messrs. McLane, Smith, of S. C., Parris, and Branch.

Committee on Commerce.—Mr. Woodbury, Chairman; Messrs. Silsbee, McLane, Johnston, of La., and Williams.

Committee on Manufactures.—Mr. Dickerson, Chairman; Messrs. Knight, Ridgely, Ruggles, and Barnard.

Committee on Agriculture.—Mr. Branch, Chairman; Messrs. Bateman, Willey, Bouligny, and Barnard.

Committee on Military Affairs.—Mr. Harrison, Chairman; Messrs. Johnson, of Ky., Chandler, Barton, and Hendricks.

Committee on the Militia.—Mr. Chandler, Chairman; Messrs. Harrison, McKinley, Marks, and Tyler.

Committee on Naval Affairs.—Mr. Hayne, Chairman; Messrs. Robbins, Tazewell, Seymour, and Woodbury.

Committee on Claims.—Messrs. Ruggles, Bell, Cobb, Chase, Rowan.

Committee on the Judiciary.—Messrs. Van Buren, Seymour, Berrien, Rowan, Hayne.

Wednesday, Dec. 12.

Mr. Harrison introduced a bill to repeal, in part, the duty on imported salt, which was read the first time. The bill proposes to reduce the duty, after one year, from 20 to 15 cents, and the next year to 10 cents.

An hour was spent in the consideration of Executive business.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Monday, Dec. 10.

The following were announced as the Standing Committees, appointed by the Speaker:

Of Elections—Messrs. Sloane, Anderson, Alston, Tucker, of S. C., Claiborne, Phelps, Stower.

Of Ways and Means.—Mess. Randolph, McDuffie, Sprague, Verplanck, Dwight, Brent, Gilmer.

Of Claims—Messrs. Williams, McCoy, Whittlesey, Barber, of Conn., Clarke, of N. Y. McIntire, Ramsay.

Of Commerce—Mess. Cambreleng, Newton, Gorham, Thompson, of Georgia, Barney, Harvey, Sutherland.

Of Public Lands—Messrs. Isacks, Vinton, Whipple, Jennings, Haile, Duncan, Davis.

On the Post Office and Post Roads.—Messrs. Ingham, McKean, Yancey, Conner, Magee, Hodges, Russell.

On the Judiciary—Messrs. P. P. Barbour, Livingston, Buchanan, Rives, Wickliffe, Kerr, Storrs.

On Revolutionary Claims.—Messrs. Wolf, Creighton, Hunt, Dickinson, Tucker, of N. J., Fry, Healy.

On Public Expenditures.—Messrs. Johnson, of N. Y., J. S. Barbour, Bailey, Martindale, Buck, Gale, Nuckolls.

On Private Land Claims.—Mess. Buckner, Moore, of Alabama, Armstrong, Earll, Shepperd, Bates, of Missouri, Steregere.

On Manufactures.—Messrs. Mallary, Stevenson, of Pa., Condict, Moore, of Ky., Wright of N. Y., Stanberry, Martin.

On Indian Affairs.—Messrs. McLean, McKee, Carson, Daniel, Swan, Simpkin, Smith, of Indiana.

On Foreign Affairs.—Messrs. Everett, Taylor, of N. Y., Archer, Sergeant, Drayton, Owen, Polk.

On Military Affairs.—Messrs. Hamilton, Smyth, of Va., Vance, Desha, Floyd, of Geo., Hobbie, Orr.

On Naval Affairs.—Messrs. Hoffman, Carter, Miller, Bartlett, Crowninshield, Dorsey, Ripley.

On Agriculture.—Messrs. Van Rensselaer, Roane, Wilson, of Md., Barlow, Hallock, Merwin, Culpeper.

On the Territories.—Messrs. Strong, Clark, of Ky., Sawyer, Wright, of Ohio, Bunner, Lea, Coalter.

On Military Pensions—Messrs. Burges, Mitchell, of Tenn., Bates, of Mass. Lawrence, Long, Lecompte, Forward.

On Expenditures in the Department of State.—Mess. Blair, Letcher, Trezvant.

On Expenditures in the Department of the Treasury.—Messrs. Hall, Mitchell, of Pa. Barringer.

On Expenditures in the Department of War.—Mess. Haynes, Woodcock, Turner.

On Expenditures in the Department of the Navy.—Messrs. Little, Lyon, Keese.

On Expenditures in the Post Office.—Mess. Holmes, Leffler, O'Brien.

On Expenditures on Public Buildings.—Messrs. Sprig, John J. Wood, Swift.

The various subjects embraced in the President's Message were referred to the appropriate standing committees.

Tuesday, Dec. 11.

On motion of Mr. Carson, the Committee on Indian Affairs was instructed to inquire into the expediency of refunding to the State of North Carolina the sum of $19,960, which sum was paid by said State to certain Indians of the Cherokee tribe, for reservations of lands granted to them, in fee simple, by the treaty of 1819, within the limits of said State.

Mr. Bryan presented the memorial of sundry citizens of Newbern, in North Carolina, asking for an appropriation for the improvement of the navigation of Ocracocke Inlet, and of the Swash near that Inlet. Referred.

Wednesday, Dec. 12.

Mr. Little of Md. introduced a bill to fix the ratio of Representation under the next Census, (after the 3d of March 1833,) at one Representative for every 60,000 souls.

Thursday, December 13.

Mr. P. P. Barbour submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee of Ways and Means be instructed to inquire into the expediency of providing by law for the sale of that portion of the Stock of the Bank of the United States which is held by the Government of the United States, and the application of the proceeds thereof to the payment of the public debt.

Mr. Barbour supported this resolution on the ground, that by selling off the stock at the present time, a profit of $1,600,000 would be made upon it,—the stock being about 23 per cent. above par. And that, nine years hence, application would be made for a renewal of the charter of the Bank, when the government ought to be free from the bias resulting from such a large pecuniary interest.

The resolution was opposed by Messrs. McDuffie and Gorham, who argued, that if such an amount of stock were thrown into the market, the price would instantly fall, so that the anticipated profit on the sale would not be realised. The resolution was laid on the table.

It has been reported in this city by a particular and intimate friend of Mr. Adams, that Mr. Clay, the Secretary of State, is to succeed Mr. Gallatin, in the mission to the Court of St. James. Mr. Clay leaves the department of State, in consequence of ill health, and like Rufus King, is to endeavour to re-establish it at the expense of the people of the union.

John Sergeant, it is said, under the same authority, is to succeed Mr. Clay in the state department. The filling of two of the departments by such republicans as Messrs. Rush and Sergeant, will not satisfy the democracy of Pennsylvania to abandon the cause of the Hero of New Orleans.

Phil. Sentinel.

Kentucky Election.—We learn that Messrs. Calhoun and Chilton have both resigned their claims to the contested seat in Congress, under the late election, and have fairly agreed to refer the issue to a new election, which the Governor, of the State has, no doubt, ordered to be held.—*Nat. Int.*

The Grand Jury of New York have found bills of indictment against Barton, the principal, Lewis Asbury, and W. M'Leod, seconds in the late duel, and Dr. Pennel, the Surgeon, for a misdemeanor. The Court instructed them that bills for murder could not be found, because the offence was committed without the bounds of the State.—The parties concerned are residing, at present, at New Haven.

Silk.—According to a late statement of Mr. Huskisson, the silk manufacture of England now reaches the enormous amount of fourteen millions sterling per annum, and is, consequently, after cotton, the greatest staple of the country.

Curious Coincidence of Names.—We find the following paragraph in the Boston Centinel of Saturday last.

"*Mr. Editor*—Yesterday, in the Supreme Judicial Court, now in term in Cambridge, the following persons were convicted of offences, namely—*John Adams* and *Andrew Jackson*. It appeared by the representation of the solicitor general, and by the records of the court, that those men, for some years past, had been pursuing the same course, and had been tried by their country, at the same time and both found guilty. *Adams* was sentenced to the state's prison for six years; and *Jackson* for his natural life.—*Adams* was a white man, and said to be a native of *Massachusetts*—*Jackson*, a coloured man, from the south. The coincidence of these facts was singular, and excited much observation. Its import, if it has any, is left to casuists to solve."

New Orleans, Nov. 22.

More Duels.—A duel took place on Sunday morning last, between Mr. Dangerfield and Mr. Buckner of Natchez. On the third fire, the former was mortally wounded, and expired in three hours after.

Dr. Newell and General Coffee fought a duel at Jackson, Mississippi, a few days since, the former was wounded, but not mortally.

Indian Newspaper.—A weekly Newspaper is about to be issued at New Echota, in the Cherokee Nation, to be called "The Cherokee Phœnix." A part of the paper is to be printed in the Cherokee language, according to an alphabet lately invented by a native Cherokee. The price of the paper is to be two dollars and a half, if paid in advance, and the first number is expected to appear within the first week in the next month.

Florence, (Alab.) Nov. 22.

A remarkably heavy Snow fell here on Tuesday last. It is supposed to be the largest snow that has ever fallen in this climate. It lays, in places, from four to six inches deep.

There is exhibited in Harrison street, an Ox weighing 4,000 lbs., *probably*, says the advertisement, the largest in the world. It is difficult to imagine how he could be larger; but good judges say he may yet weigh a thousand pounds more. He is, however, adds the advertisement, more admired for the beauty of his color, and *the symmetry of his form*, than his extraordinary size. To his activity we can bear witness, having seen him, to our astonishment, rise on his legs. The Hog, his companion, weighing 1,380½ pounds, appears incapable of that feat of agility.—*Baltimore American.*

It is a beautiful observation of Fuller's, that, as musicians do not break their strings when they find them in discord, so with our friends when they quarrel, we should "by skilful intention and remission, bring them to a pleasant consort."

Yesterday (says a Fredericksburg paper of Oct. 30,) a shoemaker was arraigned in this county for stabbing, cutting, &c. one Thomas Soleleather, and was defended by his counsel on the ground that there was no law to prevent a *shoemaker* from cutting *soleleather*.

Live-Fences.—Mr. Charles Gachet, an intelligent planter of Jones county, is enclosing his fields with live fences of the Cherokee rose, which appears to answer the purpose very well. Mr. G. commenced this experiment about three years ago, and can now dispense with the rail-fence on part of his plantation.—*Georgia Recorder.*

FOREIGN.

New York,

By the Manchester, from Liverpool, we have our London files to the 3d, and Liverpool papers of that date.

Of the intentions of Turkey we can make out nothing certain; though the account from Constantinople, published in a Paris paper in connexion with the letter copied into the columns from the Liverpool Mercury, seem that the statements contained of the determination of the Porte, at all hazards, the Christian nations be true.

Spain continues in a state of great and the loyal rebels are fighting times beating the royal troops them.

The last of the Steam-boats in London for the Greeks, was ly burnt in the river Thames; vious one, the Enterprize, is Times to have foundered at sea. singular fatality seems to have efforts in foreign countries of the Greeks.

The Gazette of Tuesday 2d Oct. tained an order of his Majesty in permitting vessels of the United enter ports of the Bahama Islands last, for the purpose of exporting *fruit and salt*, the produce of those

Liverpool,

Cotton.—The import this week is only 3155 bags, the sales, including off yesterday, at auction, do not exceed at a slight reduction generally on last viz:—480 Sea Islands 11d to 15d, 35 to 6¾d; 1330 Orleans 5 5-8d to 7 3-8 bamas &c. 5¼d to 6¼d.

New York,

We have this moment our papers Wm. Byrnes, to the 7th ult. from and of the 8th from Liverpool. remained *in statu quo.*

The Courier of the 6th gives a Paris, of the 4th, stating positively royal ordonnance, dissolving the of Deputies, would appear on the that a large number of new peers, ecclesiastical, were to be created by

London, Tuesday,

We received last night the Paris of Saturday and the Gazette de ted Sunday morning. They are out intelligence of a decided character the East. From Bucharest and is mentioned that they have accounts Constantinople to the 9th October ery thing remained tranquil, and gomans continued to transact business the Porte, but not connected with vention.

The City of Athens has been "a mass of ruins" by the Turkish war—"the houses, the gardens, ful country seats," says one account vanished."

From the London Literary Gazette.

A twenty-fourth share in the Le rier, was lately sold, to our *know* five thousand guineas.

The whole of the Morning He sold for forty thousand pounds, third of the value of the Courier. chaser has upwards of ten per cent money.

Liverpool, November

In the early part of last week, about Cotton were announced for sale on Fri instant, which nearly suspended business contract, and attracted very general attendance of buyers at the sale was pre ous, and it went off equal to general ex prices corresponding to the preceding private, with few exceptions; and sellers obtained some concessions, the decline amount to ¼d. per lb. The import last 3269 bags. Since the public sale, some Cotton appear to be very determined when they could move in quantity, have the views of purchasers, and established full 1 8d. per lb. The sales the last five timated at 8000 bags—a large proportion Alabamas, and Uplands at 5¾ a 5¾d. bags, at 5¼d. have been taken by speculators 400 Brazils for export. The market very heavy.

England.—Egbert united the of the Saxon Heptarchy, in 827, is just 1000 years since England kingdom.

The Kentuckian Lambert.—A Kentucky per announces the decease of Willis lar, aged 45 years. The cause of is said to have been excessive corpulency which increased 150 pounds the of his life. His weight three or four before his death was 582 pounds.

An Ohio boatman being for the little *corned*, (according to the phrase) fell into the river, and was when his companion plunged in and seized him by the hair; but finding self also in danger, was about to grasp. This, the poor sinking fellow covered, and as his last hope roared "Hang on Sam! hang on—I'll swear I will!" This was enough, were saved.

Longevity.—A letter from Salem the editors of the New York States ted 29th ult. says—"Our venerable lyoke, attended public worship this passed, in the enjoyment of all his his *one hundredth Thanksgiving Day.*

The best dowry to advance the of a young lady is, when she has countenance mildness; in her step dom; in her behaviour modesty; life virtue.

Novel Mode of Travelling.—Dr. says, "Travelling on foot or on horse the most healthful; but as Tertullian his lib. 2, Note, 'riding on cows' most independent.' He tells us comical cynic Asclepiades, made tour on the back of a cow, and live while upon her milk."

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

DAY AFTERNOON, DEC. 20, 1827.

Election.—On Friday last, Col. Wm. [illegible] of Granville county, was elected [illegible] of this State, for the ensuing year, [illegible]th balloting. The following was the [illegible] the vote, on each balloting:

	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th
[illegible]d,	47	56	61	59	50	33	8	
[illegible]s,	46	58	65	85	68	73	89	107
[illegible]on,	41	40	35	35	61	79	93	80
[illegible]	27	17	12 withdrawn					
[illegible]	18	16	11	9	5	2	1	

[illegible]turday, Cadwallader Jones, James [illegible] and Andrew Joiner, were elected [illegible]s of the Board for Internal Improve[illegible] for the ensuing year.

[illegible]e same day, the following gentlemen [illegible]ected Councillors of State, viz: Gideon [illegible], Wm. Blackledge, Geo. W. Jeffreys, [illegible]k Franklin, Wm. B. Lockhart, and [illegible]. Avery.

Blakeley.—One of the most liberal and [illegible]le acts of our Legislature, of which we [illegible]y knowledge, was that passed in 1815, [illegible]ating $600 per annum to the educa[illegible]e daughter of the gallant Capt. John[illegible]keley, who after gaining more victo[illegible]r the British during the late war than [illegible]er naval commander in the service, [illegible]naccountably lost about the close o[illegible] He was first of the few noble spi[illegible]m North Carolina could boast of hav[illegible]ributed to the list of distinguished de[illegible] of their country. His gallant and [illegible]l services throughout the war, and [illegible]is mysterious fate, made an impres[illegible] the minds of North Carolinians which [illegible]on being forgotten. We have ever [illegible]e proud of our State when the Annu[illegible]ury Report exhibited evidence of the [illegible]t of the sum appropriated to the edu[illegible] of his daughter, and it is with feelings [illegible] regret that we observe a proposition [illegible] the present session to withhold it.—[illegible]consideration of gratitude, every feel[illegible]State and national pride, should be a[illegible] in favor of the continuance of the boon, [illegible]norable to the State and to the memo[illegible]r gallant son.

[illegible]llowing extract from a paragraph in [illegible]eigh Register, pays a deserved tribute [illegible]enerous individual to whom Captain [illegible]y owed his education and advance[illegible] early life:

[illegible]be recollected, that Captain *Johnston Blake*[illegible] was never fully ascertained. He *was*, and is [illegible] the trackless deep could tell! The life and [illegible]keley, was brought still stronger to our re[illegible], by the resignation of the late Solicitor Ge[illegible]the State, for to his philanthropic benevo[illegible] Blakeley indebted, after the death of his [illegible] a continuation of his studies, at our Univer[illegible] to the efforts of this gentleman, he was also [illegible]for a midshipman's warrant in 1800. His [illegible]rism is marked in indelible characters in his [illegible]annals. His early orphanage, his interest[illegible]hood, his gallant manhood, and his unknown [illegible]e cast *a halo around his name*, which gives [illegible]s character, whenever it is incidentally [illegible]p view."

[illegible] Convention of Delegates to form an [illegible]istration Ticket is to meet in Raleigh [illegible]w. We learn that Dr. Benjamin Ro[illegible] John Smith, Esq., Col. Charles Mc[illegible]r, Henry A. Donaldson, Esq., Jona[illegible]ans, Esq., Major James H. Hooper, [illegible]dward Lee Winslow, Esq. have been [illegible]ted Delegates from this County, and [illegible]ey have gone on to Raleigh to attend [illegible]eting. We shall probably have their [illegible]dings in time for our next paper.

[illegible]eeting of the friends of Mr. Adams was [illegible] Raleigh, on Saturday last. Col. Wm. [illegible] presided, and Benjamin S. King act[illegible]Secretry. The meeting was addressed [illegible]eston R. Gales, Esq., and the usual [illegible]es adopted.

[illegible] have received the proceedings of the [illegible]gs held in Wilmington on the 11th [illegible] The Jackson meeting was attended by [illegible]han 500 persons. Wm. B. Meares, [illegible]resided, and Gen. Edward B. Dudley [illegible]s Secretary.

[illegible]ard Bradley, Esq. presided at the Ad[illegible]ation meeting, and Aaron Lazarus, [illegible]Secretary. The number of persons pre[illegible] not stated.

[illegible] Administration Meeting has been held [illegible] County of Anson. Dr. Thomas D. [illegible] and John A. McRae were appointed [illegible]tes to the Convention at Raleigh.

[illegible] Administration meeting has also been [illegible] Washington, Beaufort county. Tho[illegible]ilson, Esq. Chairman, and Col. James [illegible]ith, Secretary.

Cape Fear Bank.—It seems that con[illegible]ble sensation was created in Norfolk [illegible]ersburg, Va. by the advertisement of [illegible]esident of this Institution, which was [illegible]d in our last. In Norfolk, the notes [illegible]from 5 to 20 per cent. discount. Much [illegible] circulating medium in these towns is [illegible]sed of North Carolina Money, and it is [illegible] that holders of these notes should at [illegible]st be alarmed at the mere mention of [illegible]ender of the charter; but, we should [illegible]e that a moment's consideration would [illegible]y apprehension as to the entire abili[illegible]e Bank to meet all its engagements. [illegible]ry advertisement of the President car[illegible]n the face of it the best evidence of [illegible]ity. For it would have been a very [illegible]reasure to issue such a notice if the [illegible]ere in a doubtful or precarious situa[illegible]

[illegible] has been no depreciation of the Notes [illegible] Bank here, and we hope this fact will [illegible]cient to prevent those elsewhere who [illegible]om from sacrificing them.

[illegible] Legislature of Georgia, the Committ[illegible] Agriculture has recommended that [illegible]s be awarded to successful cultiva[illegible]e Vine, Olive, Sugar, Spanish To[illegible] Opium, valuable vegetable Dyes, and [illegible] to makers of Silk, &c. &c.

There is no duty more binding on an honorable man than the frank and prompt acknowledgment of and atonement for error, especially when an injury to another has been the result of that error. It is in discharge of this duty that we feel called upon to copy the two following articles, on a subject with which all our readers are familiar, viz: the alleged bargain between Mr. Adams and Mr. Clay.

From the Lexington (Va.) Intelligencer.

"We are authorised by several gentlemen and requested to state, that Col. Benton, a few days since, in this town, on his way to Washington, stated to a gentleman of this place, of the first respectability, that he "did not believe there was any corrupt understanding of bargain and sale between Mr. Adams and Mr. Clay, with regard to Mr. Clay's receiving the office of Secretary of State, in consideration of his voting for Mr. Adams. That Mr. Clay had, as early as between the 1st and the 15th of December, previous to the election, unequivocally declared to him his determination to vote for Mr. Adams. That he (Col. Benton) left the city of Washington, to visit his family in this county, about the 15th of December, and that Mr. Clay's declaration to him was previous to that time."

FROM THE GENEVA (N. Y) CHRONICLE.

It gives us great pleasure to lay before our readers, the following letter from Gen. Geo. McClure, to the Hon. Robert S. Rose, on a subject of much interest to the people of the United States We regard the extract which it contains, of a letter from Henry Clay, dated December 28, 1824, as a triumphant refutation of the charges of corruption preferred against him by Gen. Jackson, in relation to the vote which he gave in the presidential election:

Bath, 1st November, 1827.

Hon. ROBERT S. ROSE,

Sir: Your letter of the 29th ult. was duly received. You request that I will transmit to you, a copy, or extract of a certain letter which I received from Mr. Clay, in December, 1824, on the subject of the Presidential contest. Nothing but a regard for the character of Mr. Clay could induce me to comply with your request, believing, as I do, that the charges exhibited against him by *George Kremer & Co.* are FALSE, and cannot be supported.

After the electors of President and Vice President were chosen in 1824, it was ascertained that the election would come before the House of Representatives: and that Mr. Clay would not be amongst the number returned. Not knowing his sentiments in relation to the candidates, I addressed a letter to him, stating, that in all probability, the contest would be confined to Mr. Adams and Gen. Jackson; and, in that case, wished to know which of them he would prefer. Mr. Clay answered me promptly, by letter, bearing date 28th December, 1824, of which the following is an extract:

"I have no hesitation in saying, that I have long "since decided in favor of Mr. Adams, in case the "contest should be between him and General Jack"son. What, I would ask, should be the distinguish"ing characteristic of an American Statesman? Should "it not be a devotion to civil liberty? Is it then com"patible with that principle, to elect a man whose "sole recommendation rests on *military pretensions*? "I therefore say to you unequivocally, that I cannot, "consistent with my own principles, support a mili"tary man." Yours, respectfully,

GEO. M'CLURE.

It will be recollected that the first appearance of these charges in any thing like a tangible shape, and backed by a 'responsible accuser,' was caused by the appearance in this paper of a letter giving the substance of words spoken by Gen. Jackson; which letter was soon after avowed by the author, and the language attributed to Gen. Jackson *more than* assumed by him. For the publication of that letter we take no blame to ourselves; because it was done in discharge of a paramount obligation of public journalists to expose, on proper evidence, the corruption of the public servants. We believed that we had such evidence. That we had not, and that the charges could not be sustained, after having been made, is the fault of others.

We feel bound to say, that in our opinion the charge of bargain has not been sustained by *proof*.

We cannot for a moment suppose, however, that Gen. Jackson has attempted to fix what he believed to be a false charge upon Mr. Clay. If we thought so, he would be the last man who should receive any support of ours.

On Monday last the thermometer stood at 78 in the shade—more like mid-summer than within a week of Christmas.

At the late Term of Sampson County Court, Thomas J. Faison, Esq. was elected Clerk of that Court, in place of James Holmes, Esq. deceased.

It is a happy circumstance, we think, that the only three Statues of Washington in existence, are arrayed each in a different costume. Canova's Statue, at Raleigh, is in the Roman costume; Houdon's, at Richmond, Va. in the Continental Uniform; and Chantry's, at Boston, Mass. in the civic costume.

The anniversary of the glorious victory of New Orleans is to be celebrated at Salisbury, in this State, by a procession, an oration, and a Ball. Gen. R. M. Saunders is to be the orator of the day.

William B. Giles has been re-elected Governor of Virginia, without opposition.

The Richmond Enquirer states, that there are but about 48 friends of the Administration in the Legislature of Virginia, out of 237 members.

Premium Cotton.—The Merchants of Augusta, Geo. lately offered premiums of $75, $50, and $25, for the three best loads of cotton brought to that market on the 10th inst. Out of fourteen prime loads offered, the first premium was awarded to Franklin Rutherford; the second to Elijah Byne, both of Georgia; and the third to George McDuffie, of South Carolina. The prize load was sold at auction, on the spot, at 12½ cents; the second premium at 11¼ cents; the third not offered.

A bill to Incorporate a Company to construct a Railroad, between the City of Charleston and the towns of Hamburg, Columbia and Camden, has been introduced into the house of Representatives of South Carolina.

Copper.—A discovery has been made in Ashe County, of a bed of *Copper Ore*, a specimen of which has been sent to us, and may be examined at this office. The specimen is very rich; and if the whole bed be of the same quality, it will indeed be a mine of wealth.—*Charlotte Journal.*

Congress.—Mr. Randolph having resigned the station of Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, in consequence of delicate health, Mr. McDuffie, of S. C. has been appointed to that high and honorable post, which is second in importance only to that of Speaker.

The Annual Report of Mr. Rush, Secretary of the Treasury, has been communicated to Congress. It gives, but more in detail, the same aspect to the financial concerns of the government, as was presented in the President's Message. The actual receipts into the Treasury during the three first quarters of the present year are estimated to have amounted to $17,488,810, and for the fourth quarter are estimated at $5,117,480; and the expenditures for the year, (including the payment of $10,025,784 of principal and interest of the public debt) are estimated at $22,695,391, leaving in the Treasury on the 1st of January next, an estimated balance of $6,262,585.

The Secretary estimates the receipts for the year 1828 at $22,300,000, while the expenditures (including ten millions for the public debt,) are estimated at only $19,947,125; leaving an estimated surplus of $2,325,874. It thus appears that less than ten millions of dollars are necessary to the support of the government of this great Republic.

The public debt has been reduced, since the first of January 1825, from $88,710,588, to $67,413,377.

The greater part of the Report is taken up in urging upon Congress the necessity of laying additional duties

1. Upon woollen goods, and foreign wool;
2. Upon fine cotton goods;
3. Upon bar iron;
4. Upon hemp.

If it was thought strange that the President said not a word about manufactures, in his late Message, it will be admitted that Mr. Rush has amply supplied the omission. Every argument in favor of an extension of the protecting system, is brought forward, and if we believe Mr. Rush, every thing good and great is to be the result. All our embarrassments are to be at an end. Agriculture is to revive, commerce flourish, villages and towns to rise up, and migration cease. In a word, manufacturing establishments are the grand desideratum, on which the national prosperity and happiness depend; and Congress must force them into existence by laying heavy duties on imported articles which could compete with those of domestic manufacture. If things arrive at this state, and there is little doubt that they will at this very session of Congress, the people of the South will have no remedy but to turn manufacturers themselves. It is their only resort against the deep injury they must otherwise sustain from a further extension of the protecting system.

Whilst high duties are recommended to be laid upon manufactures, a reduction of the duties upon Teas and Wines is proposed; and, it is amusing to observe, both with the same view, viz: to prevent foreign competition from interfering with their production at home. In other words, the exclusion of British manufactures is to raise up manufactures at home, and the free admission of Wines is to encourage their production. How such opposite causes can be made to produce the same effect, may be very plain to Mr. Rush, but we confess that we are not financier enough to see through it.

We have had much bustle in the Streets, since Monday last; and some symptoms of reviving animation in business on the wharves. *Wilmington Recorder.*

From the Macon (Geo.) Telegraph.

December.—Now the Earth, sailing off in the ecliptic, turns up endways towards the Sun, and opens her "polar orifice to his inquisitive eyes. Now the great luminary, lowering his rays, takes a peep into the bowels of the concave spheres." Now out rushes old Boreas, bristling like a wild boar, and fierce as a whipsaw. Now the guilty stars wink slily at each other, and hide their faces as the chaste moon stalks by them. Now the moon's cranium presents awful bumps to the phrenologist's scientific fingers. Now Winter, crowned with snow, extends his dominions, and rules with a rod of—ice. Now Frost, like a poor relation, makes his annual visit, destroying all before him. Now Hail, Sleet and Snow, like duns, meet us at our threshold, and hang on to our coatsleeves. Now cold, like a guilty conscience, causes quaking and gnashing of teeth. Now the night wind whistles through the unsealed cabin, and the greedy hearth devours huge woodpiles. Now featherbeds are comfortable—and old bachelors and antiquated spinsters throw sideglances towards each other. Now the hydrocelic clouds labour under profluvia, and cold rains accost the moody traveller—also, cleanly housewives deprecate muddy floors. Now hot punch and flip are decocted, and men get drunk by *steam*. Now weddings are promoted—and domestic manufactures begin to be encouraged—likewise the doctrine of Malthus is getting out of vogue. Now the *wisdom* of the nation does some mighty foolish things—and Uncle Sam's treasury gets the consumption. Now bad crops are heavily complained of—and bad debts contracted notwithstanding. Now creditors draw out their accounts—and debtors draw out their pocketbooks—with nothing in them. And now—*the Printer wants money!*

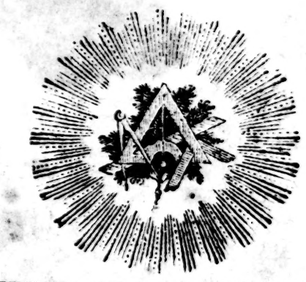
An Irish Apology.—An Irish horse-dealer sold a mare, as sound, wind and limb, and *without fault*. It afterwards appeared that the poor beast could not see at all with one eye, and was almost blind of the other. The purchaser finding this, made heavy complaints to the dealer, and reminded him, that he engaged the mare to be *without fault*. "To be sure," replied the other, "to be sure, I did, but then, my dear, the poor crater's blindness is not her *fault*, but her *misfortune*."

Matrimonial Consolation.—A younger brother had espoused an old and ill-tempered wife, but extremely rich. He used to say—"whenever I find my temper giving way, I retire to my closet and console myself by reading her marriage settlement.

MARRIED,

In Chatham county, on the 21st ult. Mr. JOHN E. CHAMBERS, of Dinwiddie county, Va. to Miss REBECCA D. FARRER, daughter of Maj. Peter Farrer, of the former county.

Masonic Notice.



THURSDAY, DECEMBER 27th,

BEING the Anniversary of *ST. JOHN the Evangelist*, will be celebrated by the Members of Phœnix Lodge, No. 8, at their Lodge Room, Mason Hall. Brethren, not members, are respectfully invited to participate in the celebration. The Lodge will be opened at 9 o'clock A. M., when the Officers for 1828 will be installed.

By order of the W. M.

HENRY McLEAN, *Secretary.*

December 20.

Office Bank U. States,

FAYETTEVILLE, 19th Dec. 1827.

THIS Office will be closed on Tuesday, the 25th instant, being Christmas Day. All Notes due on that day must be paid on Monday, the 24th; Notes to be offered for Discount must also be handed in on the 24th instant, and answers will be given as usual, on Wednesday. JNO. W. SANDFORD, *Cashier.*

Notice.

THE Books, Accounts, &c. of Mr. Cornelius J. Tooker have been assigned over to the Subscriber for settlement, &c. Therefore all those indebted to the said Mr. T. will make immediate payment, or their accounts will be placed indiscriminately in the hands of an officer for collection.

L. FITZHARRIS.

December 11. 50*tf.*

PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected weekly, by a Committee of Merchants.

MERCHANDISE.		*Quantity rated.*	*From D. C.*	*To D. C.*
Beef, Fresh in Market,	-	lb.	5	
Brandy, Cogniac	-	gallon	1 25	1 60
Apple	-	do	33	37
Peach	-	do	40	45
Bacon	-	lb	8	10
Beeswax	-	do	25	26
Butter	-	do	15	20
Bagging	-	yard	20	24
Coffee, Prime Green	-	lb	16	18
2d & 3d qual.	-	do	15	16
Candles, Mould	-	do	15	17½
Spermaceti,	-	do		34
Cotton	-	100lbs	7	8 50
Corn	-	bushel	40	
Copperas	-	100lbs	4	5
Flax	-	do	15	18
Flaxseed, Rough	-	bushel	85	90
Flour, Superfine	-	barrel	4 50	4 75
Fine	-	do	4 25	4 50
Fish, Herrings (none)	-	do		
Mackerel	-	do	5 50	6
Mullet	-	do	4 50	5
Feathers	-	lb	25	
Gin, Holland	-	gallon	90	1 25
Country	-	do	43	45
Ginger	-	lb	10	12½
Glass, Amer. 8 by 10	-	50 feet	3 75	4 50
10 by 12	-	do	6	6
Hides, Buenos Ayres,	-	lb		
West India,	-	do		
Iron	-	100 lb	5 50	6 50
Indigo, Bengal	-	lb	2 75	3
Flotant	-	do	2 75	3
Lime	-	cask	2 50	3
Lard	-	lb	9	10
Leather, Skirting	-	do	30	35
Sole	-	do	28	30
Bridle	-	side	3	4
Lead, Bar	-	lb	8	10
Logwood	-	100 lb	2 50	3
Molasses	-	gallon	35	40
Nails, Cut, assorted	-	lb	8 50	9
Wrought	-	do	18	20
Shingles	-	1000	1 50	2
Oats,	-	bushel		30
Oil, Currier's	-	barrel	18	20
Linseed	-	gallon	80	1
Pork	-	barrel		10
Pepper	-	lb	20	22
Pimento	-	do	28	30
Plaster, Paris	-	ton	7 50	10
Powder, Dupont's	-	Keg	7 50	8
Others	-	do	5	7 50
Paints, White Lead	-	do	3 50	4
Spanish Brown	-	do	2	2 80
Yellow Ochre	-	do	2 50	
Rum, Jamaica	-	gallon	1 25	1 50
Wind. Island	-	do	70	80
New England	-	do	50	
Rice	-	100 lb	3 50	4
Rags	-	lb	2	6
Shot	-	Bag	2 75	
Sugar, Mus. Prime	-	100 lb	11	11½
Common	-	do	9 50	10½
Loaf	-	lb	19	20
Salt, Liverpool	-	bushel	80	85
Turks Island, St. Ubes, &c.	-	do		80
Salts, Epsom	-	lb	10	12 50
Glauber	-	do	5	
Steel, American	-	do	8	9
E. Blistered	-	do	16	18
German	-	do	17	18
Salt-petre	-	do	12	15
Tallow	-	do	9	10
Tea, Imp. and Gunp.	-	do	1 50	1 75
Hyson	-	do	1 20	
Tobacco, Leaf	-	100 lb	2 75	3 25
Manufactured	-	do	5	20
Tin, ⅓ x	-	box	16	18
Verdigris	-	lb	65	
Wheat	-	bushel	75	80
Whiskey	-	gallon	30	32
Wines, Madeira, L. P.	-	do	2 50	4
Sicily Madeira	-	do	1 25	1 50
Teneriffe	-	do	1 25	1 50
Port	-	do	2 00	3 25
Malaga	-	do	70	80

Money Market.

Bills on New York, at sight, 3 per cent. premium, at 60 days, 1½ per cent., 90 days, par.

U. S. Bank Notes, 2 a 2½ per cent. premium.

North Carolina Bank Notes.

At New York, 3	per cent. discount.	
At Philadelphia, 3	do.	do.
At Norfolk, 2½ a 3	do.	do.
At Petersburg, 2	do.	do.
At Charleston, 3	do.	do.

Wanted,

A YOUNG MAN who writes a fair hand and is qualified to transact the ordinary business of a Store. Apply at this office.

Dec. 18, 1827.

Fish and Lime!

25 Barrels Mullets,
80 casks Thomastown Lime,
For sale.

McNEILL & KIRKLAND,

December 19, 1827. 50-6w.

Notice.

THE *NEGROES* belonging to the Estate of John Matthews, dec'd, will be hired out for one year by Public Vendue, on Tuesday the 1st day of January next, at the Town House. At the same time and place, the Plantation adjoining Town will be rented for one year, if not previously disposed of by a private contract. Bonds with two approved securities will be required in every case. Those persons who had the Negroes last year are required to deliver them on that day clad agreeably to the terms of their bonds.

E. M. MATTHEWS, Adm'rx.
By JAS. BAKER, Agent.

December 20. 50-2w.

Trust Sale.

THE undersigned, Trustees of William H. Maffitt, will, on Tuesday the 15th day of January next, proceed to sell at the Town House in Fayetteville, the following Property, to wit: the life Estate of the said William H. Maffitt in a TRACT OF LAND, on the East side of Cape Fear River, containing about 500 acres, and commonly known as the Bryce place; The like Estate in 11 valuable NEGROES, men, women and children; and also the like Estate in a LOT OF LAND on Maiden Lane, containing 5 acres. The above Land and Negroes are, however, subject to an annuity of $200. They will also, at the same time and place, sell a NEGRO MAN named Dublin, and several Horses, Carts, Wagons, &c., with all the Stock and Farming Utensils upon the Sand Hill Plantation. A credit of 3, 6 and 9 months will be given upon all sums, the purchaser giving bond and security.

WM. F. STRANG, } *Trustees.*
R. T. GOODWIN, }

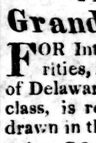
December 20. 50ts.

A Reading Room,

FOR the accommodation of Citizens and Strangers, is opened *THIS DAY*, at the Lafayette Hotel. Price to Subscribers $5 per annum. Strangers admitted gratis. No citizen of the town admitted except such as subscribe. WM. TRACY.

December 20. 50tf.

For Liverpool,



The fine, fast sailing Brig *Union*, WILLIAM BURR Master, 218 tons burthen, has part of freight engaged, will have despatch. For freight or passage, apply to JOHN LIPPITT, & CO., or WM. H. LIPPITT, *Wilmington.*

December 20. 50tf.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

SAMPSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1827.

Cornelius and Alexander Colbreth, *vs.* The Court, Petition for Distribution.

IT appearing to the Court that Effy Ellums & Jane Frazier, (distributers and parties interested in this petition) are not inhabitants of this State. It is *Ordered by the Court*, that publication be made for six weeks in the *Carolina Observer*, for the said parties to appear at the next Court to be held for the County of Sampson, at the Court House in Clinton, on the third Monday in February next and plead, answer, or demur, or the petition will be taken pro confesso and heard exparte.

Witness, *Thos. J. Faison* Clerk of said Court, at Office, the 12th of December, 1827.

THOS. J. FAISON, C. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

SAMPSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, November Term, 1827.

Cornelius and Alexander Colbreth, *vs.* The Court, Petition for Partition.

IT appearing to the Court that Effy Ellums & Jane Frazier, (parties interested in this petition) are not inhabitants of this State. It is *Ordered*, that publication be made for six weeks in the *Carolina Observer*, for the said parties to appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Sampson, at the Court House in Clinton, on the third Monday in February next, and plead, answer, or demur to said petition, or it will be taken pro confesso and heard exparte.

Witness, *Thos. J. Faison*, Clerk of said Court, at Office, the 12th of December, 1827.

THOS. J. FAISON, C. C.

THE DRAWING OF THE

Grand Consolidated Lottery,

FOR Internal Improvement, Literature, and Charities, in the city of Washington and in the states of Delaware, North Carolina, and Louisiana, second class, is received. The following numbers were drawn in the order in which they stand.

14—27—57—13—31—33—53—9—5

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THIS STATE.

Delaware and North Carolina Consolidated Lottery.

Second Class, to be drawn at Wilmington, Delaware, December 22d, 1827.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$10,000	1 Prize of	1,600
1	5,000	6	1,000
1	4,000	6	750
1	2,500	6	500
1	2,000	&c.	&c.

Tickets 5 *dolls., Half* 2 50, *Quarters* $1 25.

☞ In the first class of this Lottery, we had the pleasure of selling the following Prizes, viz.—one of $1,000, one of 600, one of 400, besides several of 70, 60, 50, &c. &c.

Union Canal Lottery,

Of Pennsylvania, 35th Class—New Series, to be drawn the 26th day of December, 1827.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$24,000	39 Prizes of	$100
1	6,000	39	80
1	3,000	39	60
1	2,500	39	50
1	1,910	39	40
5	1,000	78	30
5	600	312	20
5	400	4446	10

5051 Prizes, 9139 Blanks, } 14,190 Tickets,

In this Scheme, composed of 45 numbers by ternary combination, with six drawn ballots there will be 20 Prizes with three of the drawn numbers on each, 585 each with two of the drawn numbers on; and 4446 each with one of the drawn numbers on; the residue having none of the drawn numbers on, being blanks. *Whole Tickets* $10, *Halves* $5, *Quarters* $2 50.

Orders from any part of the country enclosing the cash or Prize Tickets (post paid) will be very promptly attended to, if addressed to

YATES & McINTYRE,
Fayetteville or Raleigh.

December 13, 1827.

POETRY.

WOMAN.

Extract from the "Maid of Athens," a Poem by Mr. Robert Barker.

Alas! that woman's heart divine,
Should e'er be made affliction's shrine;
A dreary waste, without a sun,
For cold despair to feed upon!
Alas! that she should ever know
The work of sorrow, and forego
Her little hour of happiness,
With all its fond devotedness,
For anguish, and the wreck of feeling,
By disappointment's hand revealing.
Man worships at a thousand shrines,
Where'er the ray of pleasure shines:
And where the rosy god prevails,
His faithless heart with rapture hails
The wine cup, sparkling to the brim:
And oft, in beauty's moonlight bower,
He whispers Love: but soon to him
'Tis as he ne'er had felt its power.
And he can wander like the bee,
From flower to flower, from tree to tree,
And for each bud that blooms and dies,
Can find another as he flies.
But woman ne'er can faithless be:
She has one sole idolatry.
One altar-stone for her is reared,
By her beloved, by her revered;
And there she feeds her cherished flame
With fond solicitude; but when
Its ray is dimm'd and gone, the same
Can never be illumed again.
Hers is a mild and gentle power,
That prospers in affliction's hour:
And when the heartlessness of friends
Falls, like a pestilence, and brings
To hope's own fair imaginings
Its withering breath, then woman lends
Her words of solace: and her smile,
Like moonbeams on a ruined pile,
Comes, with an influence to bless,
Where all seem'd drear and comfortless,
And sheds around such holy light,
As makes e'en desolation bright.
And on her lov'd one's brow of pain,
Her tears fall like the summer rain
Upon the scorch'd and withering flower,
Too long deserted by the shower;
And bring again to life and bloom,
The heart that sorrow would consume.

GALES'S NORTH CAROLINA

ALMANACK,

FOR

1828,

CONTAINING, besides the usual Astronomical Calculations, some useful Essays on Agriculture; a variety of valuable Recipes, and much instructing and entertaining matter, just received and for sale, wholesale and retail, at the Publishers' prices, by

E. J. HALE,
September 27. *Fayetteville.*

Spanish Hides.

200 Heavy Spanish *HIDES* for sale by
ANGUS TAYLOR.
November 27, 1827. 47tf.

Notice.

THE Books and Accounts of Capt. A. McNair, are assigned over to the subscriber. All persons indebted to the said A. McNair, will make immediate payment otherwise they will be sued indiscriminately.

MATTHEW RYBURN, *Trustee.*
November, 8, 1827 —44*tf*

Furniture.

SOME choice articles of excellent *FURNITURE*, for sale at the *Auction Store*.

WILLKINGS & CO.
November 8. 44tf.

Just received and for Sale,

A VALUABLE collection of *BOOKS*, Theological, Miscellaneous, and School. Case Window Blinds, which are now open and ready for examination, at the Auction Store of the Subscriber.

L. FITZHARRIS, *Auctioneer.*
December 4, 1827. 48tf.

Cheese, Oranges, &c.

1000 sweet Oranges,
20 casks prime Cheese,
4 qr. casks Currant Wine,
4 half bbls. fresh N. Y. Crackers,
Now landing and for sale by
WILLIAMS & FENN.
Fayetteville, December 6, 1827. 38-3t.

For Liverpool.

The fast sailing ship *ATLAS*, Captain *Lawton*, has one half freight engaged, and will have dispatch. For freight or passage, apply to
JOHN LIPPITT & Co., or to
WM. H. LIPPITT, Wilmington.
Fayetteville, November 15. 45*tf*.

Valuable Servants for Sale.

A MAN and his WIFE, the former accustomed to waiting about House and Store,—the woman, a first rate Cook: they can be both recommended as honest and industrious, with their two children of the ages of 14 and 6 years, will be sold on a reasonable credit for good security. Apply at this office.
November 22. 46 6w.

Charleston Stages.

THE Proprietors of the Line from this place to Godfrey's Ferry, are prepared to carry seven Passengers daily with the Mail, and to accommodate with an Extra, so as to avoid travelling at night.
Fayetteville, November 1, 1827. 47tf.

Notice.

THE Subscriber has an Office in the upper end of the Brick Row, near Hay Mount, south side of Hay Street, where he may be found at all times, when not out on business. He tenders his services to any Gentleman, who may have Job Writing, such as posting their books, making out accounts, &c. to do, and pledges himself, not only to be diligent, but also to use the utmost fidelity and secrecy in all matters relating to any writing committed to his care.

WILLIAM LOCKE.
November 20, 1827. 48tf

Superior Work.

THE Subscriber has established a BLACKSMITH'S SHOP, near to his Office on Hay Street, Brick Row, in which he has employed a first rate Smith, and expects to manufacture, in a style of superior workmanship, all kinds of Edge Tools, such as Axes, &c., and do any kind of Job Work in that line, with neatness and despatch.

☞ *Horses Shod in the very best manner.*

WILLIAM LOCKE.
November 20, 1827. 48tf.

Delivery Bonds.

BLANK Bonds for the delivery of property to be sold under execution, for sale at this office, where Blanks of all descriptions may be had.

New Goods.

CLAYLAND & BOWEN,

HAVING just received their *Fall and Winter Supply of STAPLE & FANCY*

DRY GOODS,

offer them unusually low for Cash.

Also,

A General Assortment of HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

Also,

CROCKERY WARE, in packages to suit country Merchants.

Oct. 17, 1827—41tf

POTTER'S
Vegetable Catholicon.

A FRESH supply just received and for sale by the subscriber, agent for the Proprietor.

ROBT. T. GOODWIN.
November 29. 47tf.

John Lippitt & Co.

HAVE FOR SALE,

15 Hhds. prime Muscovado Sugar,
25 bbls. good do.
30 bags Coffee,
40 tierces New Orleans Molasses,
Bbls. Malaga Wine, N. E. Rum and Gin,
100 casks cut Nails, assorted sizes,
1,200 bushels Liverpool Salt,
Pepper, Alspice and Ginger,
Cotton, wool and machine Cards,
Indigo, Madder, Annatto Verdigrise,
Saltpetre and Patent Medicines, *as usual.*

—*Also*—

300 heavy Hides,
10 bbls. Tanner's Oil,
50 casks fresh Lime.

November 15. 45tf.

---

30 Ps. cotton Bagging,
25 coils hemp bale Rope,
10 do. tow do.
Sewing and Seine Twine,
10 hhds. and 20 bbls. Muscovado Sugars,
100 bags Coffee,
25 hhds Molasses,
10 casks prime Cheese,
Imperial and Young Hyson Tea,
Loaf and Lump Sugar,
5 qr. casks old L. P. Teneriffe Wine,
5 do. sweet Malaga,
10 bbls. old country Whiskey,
Pepper, Ginger and Spice,
Indigo, Madder, and Logwood,
Glauber Salts and Saltpetre,
Writing and wrapping Paper,
50 kegs cut Nails,
15 tons Swedes' Iron, assorted,
12 boxes Tin Plate,
50 bags Shot, bar Lead,
Trace Chains, Vices, Anvils,
Patent cutting Knives and Scythe Blades,
German and Blistered Steel,
10 boxes cotton Cards,
5 crates wine Bottles,
8 by 10 window Glass,
Liverpool coarse, fine blown, and Alum Salt, &c. &c.

For sale by CHARLES T. HAIGH.
November 15, 1827. 45tf.

Notice.

The Western Commercial Stage Line

WILL leave Fayetteville every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Morning, arrive at Cheraw the same nights, and will proceed every Sunday Morning for Charlotte and Tennessee.

Passengers will be carried for $5 per passenger, with reasonable baggage, from Fayetteville to Cheraw; and will run the route in 13 hours, unavoidable accidents excepted.

All Cheraw Bank Notes, endorsed by me for David Horney, will be taken in payment for Stage Fare from Fayetteville to Knoxville, Tennessee.

Seats to be taken at the Mansion Hotel.

THOMAS DAVIS, Agent.
October 26, 1827. 43tf.

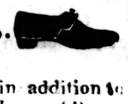
Notice.

AT November Term, of Sampson County Court, the Subscribers qualified as executors to the last Will and Testament of Robert Williams, deceased.—All persons indebted to the said deceased, are hereby required to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against him are notified to present them properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, otherwise they will be barred of recovery.

The sale of all the perishable Property of the deceased, the hiring of the Negroes, and renting of the Lands, will commence on Tuesday, the 11th instant, at the late residence of the deceased, and be continued from day to day until all is disposed of. Purchasers to give bonds with approved security. A credit of six months will be allowed.

HARPER WILLIAMS,
JAMES WILLIAMS,
Executors.
December 6, 1827. 38-3w.

Boots and Shoes.



THE subscriber has just received, in addition to his former stock, *Seventy five Packages* of Boots and Shoes, which he offers at wholesale or retail, at reduced prices for cash.

H. G. NELSON.

N. B. Gentlemen's Boots, Shoes and Pumps made to measure, as usual, in the first style, at short notice.
October 25. 90tf.

Leather.

THE Subscribers will keep a constant supply of the following kinds of *LEATHER* on hand, which they will sell low for cash, viz.

Skirting first quality,
Harness and bridle Leather,
Padding and facing Skins,
Binding and lining do.
Calf and kip do.
Wax and grain upper,
Buff horse hides,
Sole Leather of different kinds,
Hog skins, &c. &c. &c.

WILLIAMS & FENN.
November 8, 1827. 1tf.

Blanks of all kinds,

For Sale at this Office.

New Goods.

C. & P. MALLETT,

Have just received their Fall and Winter Supply of

GOODS,

WHICH they offer to their friends and the public on their usual terms, at their old stand.

Their assortment of Dry Goods, Hardware, Crockery and Glass, is good. Their stock of Groceries very choice, among the latter, a few puncheons old Grenada Rum, Cognac Brandy, Holland Gin, Madeira and other Wines, Flint's best Segars, and Myer's Richmond Chewing Tobacco, Thomas's Loaf Sugar and Muscatel Bunch Raisins.

Country Produce at full market prices received in payment.

November 1, 1827. 43tf.

Cheap Goods.

JUST RECEIVED FROM THE N. YORK AUCTIONS,

A Great variety of cheap *DRY GOODS*, consisting of *Cloths, Cassimeres, Suttinetts, Domestics*, of all kinds, *Fancy Articles, Perfumery*, &c. &c. &c., which we are disposed to sell on very favorable terms for cash, or exchange for most kind of Country Produce.

ALSO,

1 Pipe choice Cognac Brandy,
1 do real Holland Gin.
3 do Madeira and Canary Wine,
1 Hhd. Jamaica Rum, (10 years old)
1 do St. Croix, do.
5 Qr. casks Teneriffe and Malaga Wine,
4 Casks brown Stout and Phila. Porter,
Fresh Imperial and Hyson Tea,
N. York Crackers, Smoked Beef, &c. &c.

WILLIAMS & FENN.
Fayetteville, Nov. 1. 44-*tf*.

For Sale, by Willkings & Co.

20 hds. Bright Molasses,
10 hhds. N. E. Rum,
5 hhds. Baltimore Whiskey,
30 bbls. good Brown Sugar,
10 bbls. Loaf Sugar,
12 bbls. Porto Rico Coffee,
20 bbls. old Rye Whiskey,
30 bbls. Apple Brandy,
3 bbls. Glauber Salts,
75 casks Lime,
5 qr. casks Malaga Wine,
20 bags prime Coffee,
10 bags Jamaica Pimento,
10 bags Race Ginger,
25 pieces Dundee 42 inch Cotton Bagging,
35 boxes Tumblers and Decanters,
5 boxes Apothecary Bottles,
15 boxes Cotton Cards,
Sperm, Candles and Chocolate,
8 by 10 & 10 by 12 Baltimore Window Glass,
Looking Glasses, & Domestic Cotton Goods.

Sept. 25, 1827.

The Subscribers

HAVE received and offer for sale, at their Store in the Brick Row, at the foot of Hay Mount, a few doors west of Hall & Johnson's—

40 Pieces cotton Bagging,
21 coils Rope,
1000 lbs bar Lead,
30 kegs Shot, well assorted,
Blacksmith's Vices and Anvils,
Sledge and hand Hammers,
Indigo and Madder.

On Hand,

15 hhds. Molasses,
30 bbls. Sugar,
25 bags Coffee,
Upper and sole Leather,
Wagon Boxes, Iron and Steel,
Rum, Brandy and Whiskey,
A good assortment of Castings,

All of which they offer at low prices for cash or country produce.

WHITEHEAD & FULLER.

☞ They will receive Cotton on Storage.
October 11, 1827 40tf.

North Carolina
ALMANACKS,

FOR

1828.

THE Subscribers, Agents for the publishers, have just received a supply, which they will sell by the gross, dozen, or single.

WILLIAMS & FENN.
September 20, 1827. 37tf.

$20 Reward.

RANAWAY from our Mills at Wilmington, four or five weeks since a dark mulatto Man named CHARLES, 26 or 27 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches in height, and stoutly built. We purchased Charles in January, 1826, he has wrought with our Carpenters most of the time since. He was formerly owned by Mr. Louis Readie, of Meville's Creek, Beaufort county, 15 miles below North Washington, on Pamplico.

We have some cause to suspect that he may have joined some runaways belonging either to Sampson or Wake county.

We will give Twenty Dollars for his apprehension and delivery to us, or Ten Dollars on his being safely lodged in any Jail in the State.

C & P. MALLETT.
Fayetteville, May 17, 1827.—19-tf.

Insurance against Fire.

HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW-YORK,

INSURES Houses and other buildings, and property contained in them, against loss and damage by fire; also, merchandise and other property against the hazards of inland navigation.

Capital 300,000 Dollars.

Insurance made on application to

C. T. HAIGH,
Agent of the Company, Fayetteville.

Tan Yard.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he purchased (twelve months since) the *TAN YARD* formerly conducted by Wm. Cameron. He has made many improvements, and has it under the management of the most experienced Workmen from the North. He is now ready to receive orders for all kinds of *LEATHER*, and has on hand, to dispose of on the most reasonable terms:

300 Sides Sole Leather at the reduced price of - - 25 Cts. per lb.
200 do Black Harness do. 30 do do.
200 do Russet do do. 30 do do.
200 do Skirting do do. 30 do do.
500 do Wax and Grained Upper,
Kip, Calf, Sheep and Deer Skins, &c.

ALSO,

Wool and Hair for *Plastering*
Cash paid for Dry and Green *Hides*.

H. G. NELSON.
Fayetteville, December 13. 97-tf.

Horne's Introduction

TO the critical study and knowledge of the Holy Scriptures. One copy of this celebrated work may be had at this Office, at the subscription price, if early application be made.

Music, French, Drawing and Painting on Velvet.

MRS. *BEZE PERRY* informs her friends, and the public generally, that having returned from Columbia, South Carolina, and settled herself again here, she will, on the 16th of this month, open a school for Young Ladies, to teach them Music, French, Drawing and Painting on paper, also painting on velvet.

The classes in French and Drawing will be each, three times a week, from 12 o'clock till half past 1

Music Lessons three times a week, three quarters of an hour each lesson, and at such hour as will suit young ladies.

TERMS.

Music, three lessons pr. week, per quarter,		$15
Drawing and Painting on velvet	per do.	10
French	per do.	10

Fayetteville, 12th July, 1827. 27tf.

Removal.

WM. L. HAWLEY has removed from his former stand to the Store lately occupied by Mr. William E. Troy, two doors east of the Market House. He has just opened a large assortment of *BOOTS* and *SHOES*, embracing every description, and offers them cheap at wholesale and retail, for cash only.

Also,

200 Sides Sole Leather,
Best Philadelphia Calf Skins,
Waxed and grain upper Leather,
Lining Skins and Binding.

A great variety of Shoe Thread, best Awl Blades, Shoe Tacks, Russia Bristles, Shoe punches, Heel Ball, Brads, liquid and paste Blacking, black Varnish, &c. &c.

N. B. Boots and Shoes manufactured to measure, as usual, and warranted of the best workmanship.

Fayetteville, October 4, 1827. 39tf

THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVE in part received their FALL SUPPLY of

GROCERIES:

The whole of which is expected to arrive during the ensuing week, which they offer to their friends and the public in general *low* for *CASH*. Their Stock will consist in part of the following

ARTICLES, Viz.

30 Hhds N. O. St. Croix and Porto Rico Sugars,
25 bbls loaf and lump - - - do
10 hhds prime Laguyra Coffee,
40 bags Mountain St. Domingo do.
5 do Pepper,
50 pieces cotton Bagging, 42 inches,
25 coils bale Rope,
1 box choice Cavendish Tobacco,
75 bbls apple Brandy,
25 do Rye Whiskey,
10 do N. E. Rum,
10 do American Gin,
5 hhds Jamaica Spirits,
3 do Antigua Rum,
1 do Shrub,
6 pipes old Cognac Brandy, (*favorite brands,*)
3 do old Schedam Gin,
5 quar casks Teneriffe,
5 do do Sherry,
½ pipe old Madeira,
8 half pipes sweet Malaga, } WINES,
10 do quar. casks do.
2 quar casks old Port,
8 boxes Imperial,
6 do G. Powder,
4 do Y. Hyson, } TEAS,
1 hhd Copperas, Latest Importation.
1 cerron Bengal Indigo, in packages of from 3½ to 4 lbs. each,
30 kegs Orange Powder,
1 box Mustard (for family use)
3 boxes sperm Candles,
5 casks choice Goshen Cheese,
1 cask Epsom Salts, (warranted genuine)
10 kegs ground Ginger,
1 bbl Philadelphia Starch,
50 bags Shot, assorted Numbers,
101 in whole, half and quarter boxes fresh Malaga Raisins, warranted fresh, and well worthy the attention of families,
18 tons assorted Swedes Iron,
1000 bushels Liverpool Salt,
With many other articles in their line.

All kinds of Country Produce taken in payment.

ALSO,

10 cases of WOOL HATS,
9 do fine fur do.
4 do wool and cotton Cards,
13 pieces twilled negro Cloth,
10 reams writing Paper,

Knives and forks, butchers knives, shoe knives, single and double bladed pen and pocket knives, pad locks, stock locks, gun locks, trunk locks, butt hinges, wood screws, horse pleghms, nail and spike gimlets, table spoons, lead faucetts, sheep shears, keyhole, tenant and hand saws, claw hammers, club and cooper's axes, shingling hatchets, post and yankee coffee mills, shovels and tongs, steel-yards, poll chains, screw augers, gouges and chissels, chest hinges, shoe pincers and rasps, curry combs, saw mill files, cow hide whips, plated spurs, razors, shaving boxes, spectacles and cases, black lead and slate pencils, English slates, boxes soap, German, English and cast steel, castings, trace chains, blacksmiths hammers, &c. &c. &c.

Well worthy the attention of Country Merchants, as they will be sold low for cash to close a consignment.

HORTONS & HUTTON.
October 23. 42-tf.

Lafayette Hotel.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE public are respectfully informed, that in consequence of the recent death of Mr. Clement Tracy, the subscriber, who has been employed in the management of the Lafayette Hotel, has assumed the superintendence of it.

This new and spacious building (which has been purposely erected at great expense, for a Hotel) is now in complete order for the reception and accommodation of

Travellers and Boarders.

Besides the advantage of a number of Rooms with *single Beds, Fire places and Bells*, the Hotel contains several *handsome Drawing Rooms and Apartments*, particularly suited for the private accommodation of *TRAVELLING FAMILIES*. Boarders with or without lodging can be accommodated.

THE FURNITURE and BEDDING are of the best quality and entirely new, and each Bed is supplied with a Moscheto Net. BATHING ROOMS are attached to the House, supplied with water from the Haymount Aqueduct. The BAR is richly supplied with a variety of the *choicest Liquors*, recently selected for it in the Northern Cities, by an experienced judge. LARGE STABLES are conveniently placed in the rear.

The Subscriber is determined to conduct the House in the most genteel manner; and no efforts shall be spared to render it every way worthy of a continuation of the patronage it has received.

WM. TRACY.
October 25. 40tf.

Removal.

YATES & McINTYRE respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, who have bestowed such a liberal share of patronage on their Offices, that they have removed the one in this town to the North East Corner of Market Square, adjoining Mrs. Shackelford's Millinery Store, where, as usual, customers will be promptly attended to.

Fayetteville, August 30.

Notice.

I HEREBY appoint and constitute [illegible] Ferguson my agent and attorney [illegible] transaction and settlement of all my [illegible] have been left otherwise.

December 8, 1827. WM. [illegible]

Porter, Ale, and [illegible]

OF the very best quality, for sale [illegible] Hotel, either by the barrel or [illegible]
July 19.

Removal.

JAMES KYLE

HAS removed to the Stores formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. L. Hawley, and Mr. [illegible] and is now opening a very large and [illegible] ment of

DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE & GROCE[illegible]

All of which were purchased at the late Sales in New York; and will continue to receive supplies by every arrival from his House in Country Merchants, and others wishing [illegible] plies, will please call and examine the most *Assortment in this State*. He is very thankful for liberal patronage which he has received [illegible] opening in this place.

Fayetteville, Nov. 1, 1827.

Fall Goods.

THE subscriber announces to the public [illegible] has received his *FALL Supply* consisting [illegible] variety of *BRITISH, FRENCH & [illegible] GOODS, newest style*. They have been [illegible] the New York auctions, a considerable [illegible] original package sales, and will be sold [illegible] wholesale or retail, at very low prices [illegible] Merchants from the country will do well to examine for themselves His assortment [illegible] part of the following, viz;

Extra super blue and black *CLOTHS*
super blue, black, olive, bottle green, [illegible] drab do.
Union mixtures, cassinetts and sattinetts
Black Lastings, circassians and [illegible]
Super white Flannels, padding, &c.
Grecian stripes, granderills, and cotton [illegible]
White and brown drillings and white [illegible]
Yellow Nankins brown linens, &c.
Superb merino square and long shawls
Cashmere shawls and hdkfs.
Green and crimson moreens and ratteens
Super and low priced black worsted hose
White & col'd cotton hose, & thread [illegible]
Extra rich tolinet, swansdown & Marseilles [illegible]
Super and low priced 6-4 cambrics
Satin stripe white and col'd do
New style 3-4 4-4 and 5-4 cambric ginghams
Rich seeded, crossbarred, and stripe muslins
Extra super 5-4 and 3-4 cambric dimity
Do 5-4 plain and figured Jaconets
Super 6-4 figured and plain book muslins
Super and low priced mull do.
Plain and figured Swiss do.
Swiss points, capes and tippets
French wrought white robes.
Super sea island and low priced shirtings
5-4, 4-4 and 3-4 brown shirtings and sheetings
American blue plaids and apron checks
Washington and linen bed ticks
Fancy new style, figured, plaided, and striped bric prints, a variety
Rich 4-4 Swiss prints
Rich 4-4 and 3-4 furniture chintz
6 4 pavilion gauze, for mosquito nets
Real Russia and imitation sheetings
7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linens
Silks— Black Nankin crape robes
Plain black satin and taffeta
Rich black figured Gros-de-naps
Double chained black Levantines
Black sinchews and sarsnets
Superior new style Florentine vestings
Rich ombre and figured Gros-dete
Superior Batteste dresses, variety of shades
Rich white and blue Barege
Black and green French crape
Black gauzes, a variety—green do.
Black and white silk hose, and gloves
Rich figured and plaid barege hdkfs.
White and green gauze veils
Gauze robes, various colors
Black Barcelona Hdkfs. Fancy plaid silk do
Bandanna and flag hdkfs.
New style gauze, wove, and embossed Ribbons
Taffeta ribbons, all colors. Watch and Belt
Black and blue sewing silks
Wide and narrow bobbinet laces
Thread and gimp laces. Long Lawns
Bobbinet lace shawls and tippets
Thread cambrics and thread cambric hdkfs.
8-4 & 10-4 table diapers. Bird eye and Russia
Brown cambric and bonnet bows
Dark and pink colored cambric
Holland, sail duck and buckram
Osnaburgs and brown towellings
White and printed bed spreads
Chintz shawls and hdkfs.
Black tabby velvet and velvet ribbons
Black ostrich feathers. Leghorn and straw
Bandboxes, wreathes and flowers
Ladies prunel and morocco shoes
Long and short white kid gloves
Colored and black horse skin do
Men's fashionable white and black Hats
Phosphorus pocket lights
Cotton balls and patent thread
Transparent and Windsor soap
Seidlitz & soda powders. Best Tea, in fancy
Fancy pen-knives, scissors, pins, &c.
Scotch and Maccaboy snuff
Indelible Ink, pomatum and perfumery
Paper hanging and bordering
Paste Board and Millinet

JOHN McA[illegible]

Fayetteville, Nov. 4, 1827.

Sunday Schools.

THE Managers of the "American Sunday School Union" have committed to the agency of the Subscriber, a depository of Books in Fayetteville, which Books will be sold to *any* Sunday School ciety at the Philadelphia prices, and to all Sunday *auxiliary* to the American, at a discount of 12½ cent.

The facility afforded by this depository, of obtaining suitable books at the lowest rates, will, it is hoped, give a fresh impulse to the Sabbath School cause throughout our State. All Societies formed for this object, would find it their interest to become auxiliary to the American Institution at Philadelphia. For, while the only fee requisite for such a connexion is *Three Dollars*, the discount allowed, would, in the end, create a considerable saving. But the greater benefit of such a connexion has its foundation in Christian benevolence—in union of effort in a good cause. The auxiliary throws its limited experience and knowledge into the common stock, and from the general mass of experiments and results, obtains much light and help.

The mighty work of restraining Sabbath breaking, of reclaiming idle and dissolute youth, and training them, by means of Sunday Schools, in the paths of literature, morality and religion, is going on with rapid march throughout all christendom; and is earnestly recommended to the people of every town and neighbourhood in our State, to avail themselves of this great moral influence. The depository for Books and the Post Office, where all applications for Books will be punctually attended to.

JOHN M[illegible]

Fayetteville, May 31, 1827.